

## Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

International GCSE Mathematics (4MB0) Paper 02

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Question number		Scheme	Mai	rks	
1.	(a)	2500/625	M1		
		4 hrs	A1	2	
	(b)	(2500 + 2500)/("4" + "3.5")	M1		
		667 km/h	A1 ft	2	4
2.	(a)	factor of x	M1		
		Attempt to factorise $x^2 - 5x + 6$ or orig. cubic	M1		
		x(x - 3)(x - 2)	A1	3	
	(b) linear	attempt to factorise $2x^2 + 2x - 24$ into two terms	M1		
		One pair of factors cancelled	M1 dep		
		$\frac{x(x-2)}{2(x+4)}$ OR $\frac{x^2 - 2x}{2x+8}$	A1	3	6

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Question	Scheme	Marks		
3.	Note: First three marks for angles, final mark	110		
	for reasoning Method 1: (using angle at centre)			
	$\angle AOC$ (reflex) = 236° ( $\angle$ at a point) or			
	$\angle ADC = 62^{\circ} (\angle \text{ at centre})$	B1		
	$\angle ABC = 118^{\circ}$ ( $\angle$ at centre/opp angles cyclic quad)	B1ft		
	$\angle BCO = 62^{\circ} (\angle \text{ between } // \text{ lines})$	B1ft		
	at least two valid reasons consistent with their $\angle$	B1	4	
	Method 2: (using isosceles triangles)			
	$\angle CAO$ (or $\angle ACO$ or $\angle BAC$ ) = 28°	B1		
	$\angle ABO$ (or $\angle BOC$ ) = 56°	B1 ft		
	$\angle BCO = 62^{\circ}$	B1 ft		
		B1	4	4
	at least <b>two</b> valid reasons consistent with their $\angle$ (isosceles triangle, alt angles between // lines)			
4.	height of cone = $\sqrt{(39^2 - 15^2)}$	M1		
	= 36  cm	A1		
	volume = $\frac{1}{3}\pi$ ."36".15 <sup>2</sup> + $\frac{2}{3}\pi$ 15 <sup>3</sup>			
	either volume correctly stated and with values substituted	M1		
	2 <sup>nd</sup> volume correctly stated with values substituted and added	M1 dep		
	Conclusion	A1	5	5

Question number		Scheme	Mai	rks	
5.	(a)	35 - 27, 8	M1, A1	2	
	(b)	17 - c's(8), 9	M1, A1 ft	2	
		SC: $27 - (x + y)$ M1			
	(c)	3y = 35 - c's(a) - c's(b) (o.e.)	M1		
		y = 6, x = 12	A1, A1	3	7
6.	(a)	trapezium B	B2(-1ee)	2	
	(b)	trapezium C	B2(-1ee) ft	2	
	(c)	trapezium D			
		A rotation of 90° anticlockwise about <b>any</b>	M1		
	point		A1	2	
		Correctly placed trapezium (cao)	M1, A1	2	8
	(d)	reflection, $y = -x$			
7.	(a)	$(i) \qquad \frac{1}{\left(x+2\right)^2 - 9}$	M1		
		$\frac{1}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$ or $\frac{1}{(x+5)(x-1)}$	A1		
		(ii) $y(x+23) = 1$ OR $x+23 = 1/y$	M1		
		$\frac{1-23x}{x} \text{ OR } \frac{1}{x} - 23$	A1	4	
	(b)	$x + 23 = x^2 + 4x - 5$	M1		
		$x^2 + 3x - 28 \ (= 0)$	A1		
		attempt to factorise their trinomial quadratic	M1		
		<b>OR</b> correct substitution into a correctly quoted formula			
		-7, 4	A1, A1	5	9



Question number		Scheme	Ма	rks	
8.		Accept fractional or percentage equivalents			
		throughout.			
	(a)	0.25 (o.e.)	B1	1	
	(b)	for each correct pair	B1ft,B1,B1	3	
	(c)	(i) "0.75" x 0.8, 0.6 (3/5)	M1, A1 ft		
		(ii) "0.25" x "0.9"	M1		
		"0.6" + "0.25" x "0.9"	M1		
		0.83 (or better) (33/40)	A1	5	
	(d)	any probability ÷ ("0.825")	M1		
		"0.6"/"0.825"	M1		
		0.73 (or better) (8/11)	A1	3	12

Question number	Scheme	Marks		
9.	(a) (i) $\frac{1}{2}$ <b>a</b> (ii) <b>b</b> - <b>a</b>	B1, B1	2	
	(b) $\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}), \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}$ (o.e.)	M1, A1	2	
	(c) $-\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \frac{1}{3}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}^{\prime\prime}), \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{b} - \frac{1}{6}\mathbf{a}$ (o.e.)	M1, A1	2	
	(d) $\lambda("\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a"})$	B1ft	1	
	(e) $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a''} + \mu(\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{b} - \frac{1}{6}\mathbf{a''})$	M1		
	Correct expression (unsimplified)	A1	2	
	(f) Attempt at equating either coefficients of <b>a</b> or coefficients of <b>b</b> .	M1		
	One correct equation: $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}\mu = \frac{2}{3}\lambda$ or $\frac{1}{3}\lambda = \frac{2}{3}\mu$	A1		
	$\mu = 1/3, \lambda = 2/3$	A1, A1	4	13

Question	Scheme		Marks		
10.	(a)	$2x^2$ or $4xy$ , $(S =) 2x^2 + 4xy$	B1, B1	2	
	(b)	$y = \frac{50 - 2x^2}{4x}$ (o.e.)	B1	1	
	(c)	$\frac{50-2x^2}{4x} \cdot x^2 + \text{conclusion}$	B1	1	
	(d)	one term correctly differentiated	M1		
		$\frac{25}{2} - \frac{3x^2}{2}$	A1		
		$\mathbf{c's}\left(\frac{25}{2} - \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) = 0$	M1 dep		
		2.89	A1	4	
	(e)	23.4, 24	B1, B1	2	
	(f)	graph penalties (-1) straight line segments each point missed ( $\pm$ ½ small square) each missed segment each point not plotted each point incorrectly plotted ( $\pm$ ½ small	В3	3	
	square	) tramlinos			
		very poor curve i.e. line too thick			
	(g) graph	line drawn or two points marked on their consistent with the line drawn	M1		
		1.8 or 1.9, 3.8	Alft, Alft	3	16
	M1,	SC: No indication on the graph of any line or points identified but both points correct then A1, A0			

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Question number	Scheme		Marks		
11.	(a)	$(AC^2 = )$ 54 <sup>2</sup> + 35 <sup>2</sup> - 2 x 54 x 35 x cos 100°	M1		
		2916 + 1225 + 656.4 (o.e.)	M1 dep		
		69.3 m	A1	3	
	(b)	Use of sine rule with correct values substituted	M1		
		$\sin \angle CAB = \frac{35 \times \sin 100}{"69.3"}$	M1 dep		
		29.8°/29.9°	A1	3	
	(c)	$DB/54 = \sin($ "29.8")	M1		
		26.8 m/26.9 m	A1 ft	2	
	(d)	$AD/54 = \cos(``29.8'')$	M1		
		46.9 m (awrt)	A1		
		"69.3" – "46.9"	B1 ft		
		Seeing "26.8"/2	B1 ft		
		$\sqrt{((22.4)^2 + (13.4)^2)^2}$	M1		
		26.1/26.2 m	A1	6	
	(e)	$h/($ "26.1" $) = \tan 40$	M1		
		21.9 m (Accept 22 or 22.0 m)	Alft	2	16

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