

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level

## ACCOUNTING

Paper 4 Problem Solving (Supplementary Topics)

## Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

## READTHESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.
Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Answer all questions.
All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.
International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.
Workings should be shown.
You may use a calculator.
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

1 The statement of financial position (balance sheet) of Whane plc showed the following:

At 30 April 2011

|  | $\$ 000$ | $\$ 000$ | $\$ 000$ | $\$ 000$ | $\$ 000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Intangible non-current assets  <br> Patents  |  | 125 |  |  | 150 |

Patents
At 30 April 2010
$\$ 000$ 150

Tangible non-current assets

## Current assets

Inventory
Trade receivables
Cash and cash equivalents

## Current liabilities

Trade payables 63
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Taxation } & 28 \\ \text { Interest } & 4\end{array}$
Cash and cash equivalents -
124
3430
3555

78
58
260

5
24
14
$\underline{42}$
$\frac{165}{3720}$

| $\frac{300}{3420}$ | $\underline{-}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{3375}$ |  |

## Equity

Ordinary shares of \$1 each 20001000
Share premium 250
1000
Revaluation reserve -
Retained earnings $\underline{1170}$
3420
3173
3323
106
82
$\overline{188}$

136 $\frac{52}{3375}$
Non-current liabilities
10\% debentures 2028
-

Further information was available as follows:
1 The income statement for the year ended 30 April 2011 showed interest payable of $\$ 32000$ and taxation of $\$ 28000$. Dividends paid during the year amounted to $\$ 30000$.

2 A bonus issue was made during the year which doubled the number of ordinary shares in issue. An issue of debentures also took place.

3 At 30 April tangible non-current assets comprised:

|  | 2011 | 2010 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\$ 000$ | $\$ 000$ |
| Land at valuation | 1600 | 1600 |
|  |  |  |
| Buildings <br> Cost <br> Accumulated depreciation | 1200 | 1200 |
|  | $\underline{108}$ | $\underline{144}$ |
| Plant and equipment |  |  |
| Cost <br> Accumulated depreciation | $\underline{1056}$ |  |
|  | $\underline{327}$ | $\underline{798}$ |

During the year plant which had cost $\$ 92000$ was sold for $\$ 20000$. Depreciation of $\$ 75000$ had been provided on the plant.

4 There were no acquisitions or disposals of patents during the year.

## REQUIRED

(a) Calculate, for the year ended 30 April 2011,
(i) the profit for the year attributable to equity holders
(ii) the profit from operations
(b) Prepare a statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 April 2011
(c) Explain the difference between a rights issue and a bonus issue.
(d) (i) Identify the reserves the directors selected to make the bonus issue.
(ii) Explain a reason for their selection.

2 The Top Hat Sports Club is a not-for-profit organisation which runs a gym and operates a caf . The treasurer is experienced and for many years has prepared a receipts and payments account.

The club president read a book about the importance of accruals and prepayments. He decided to take the receipts and payments account prepared by the treasurer and to adjust the figures. He produced the following:

Top Hat Sports Club<br>Income and expenditure account at 31 December 2010

|  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening bank balance |  |  | 4320 |
| Annual subscriptions |  |  |  |
| received during the year |  | 39300 |  |
| arrears at 1 January 2010 |  | 450 |  |
| prepaid at 1 January 2010 |  | 300 |  |
| arrears at 31 December 2010 |  | 750 |  |
| prepaid at 31 December 2010 |  | 150 |  |
|  |  |  | 40950 |
| Caf takings |  |  | 12260 |
| Depreciation |  |  | 4610 |
|  |  |  | 62140 |
| Rent |  | 12000 |  |
| General expenses |  | 4620 |  |
| Heat, light and power |  | 8240 |  |
| Wages |  | 18600 |  |
| Purchase of equipment |  | 5300 |  |
| Cost of refreshments |  |  |  |
| payments during the year | 8140 |  |  |
| owing at 1 January 2010 | 700 |  |  |
| owing at 31 December 2010 | 760 |  |  |
|  |  | 9600 |  |
|  |  |  | 58360 |
| Closing bank balance |  |  | 3780 |

Further information is as follows:
1 The club president made depreciation the balancing figure. The treasurer was surprised to see it appear with income.

2 The club president was unaware that there was an unpaid invoice for $\$ 910$ for heat, light and power at the year end.

3 Asset valuations were:

## Caf inventory <br> Equipment

1 January 2010
$\$$
420
17200
31 December 2010
\$
800
19500

4 The club has two members of staff. One was paid $\$ 10600$ for the year and worked in the gym and the other earned $\$ 8000$ and worked in the caf .

5 The club has 265 members who each pay an annual subscription of $\$ 150$.

On 1 January 2010 the managing committee decided to allow the admission of life members, each paying $\$ 1600$. This would be transferred to income over 20 years. Three people took up life membership during 2010. The club president omitted life subscriptions from his statement.

## REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the corrected income and expenditure account.
(b) Prepare a balance sheet at 31 December 2010.
(c) Explain three differences between the financial statements of a not-for-profit organisation and the financial statements of a public limited company.
(d) A public limited company is required to publish a Report of the Directors.

List five items which appear in the Report of the Directors.

3 Atwood Ltd makes one product, the Remodil, which goes through two production processes. The following information is available:

## Process 1

Each Remodil requires:
4 kilos of raw material costing $\$ 4.50$ per kilo
2.5 hours of direct labour.

Variable overhead is charged by the direct labour hour.
Fixed overhead is charged per unit.
There is a normal loss of production each month which is sold for $\$ 10$ a unit.
In April 2011 the ledger account for Process 1 showed the following:

## Process 1

|  |  |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Direct materials | 180000 | Normal loss (scrap) | 15000 |
| Direct labour | 150000 | Transfer to Process 2 | 400000 |
| Variable overhead | 50000 |  |  |
| Fixed overhead | 35000 |  | $\underline{415000}$ |

## REQUIRED

(a) Calculate for Process 1
(i) The total number of units produced in April.
(ii) The direct labour rate per hour.
(iii) The variable overhead charged per labour hour.
(iv) The fixed overhead charged per unit.
(v) The percentage of total production which ends as normal loss.

Further information is as follows:

## Process 2

Each Remodil requires the addition of
1.5 kilos of raw material costing $\$ 4$ per kilo

2 hours of direct labour at $\$ 5$ an hour.
Variable overhead is charged at $\$ 2.50$ per direct labour hour.
Fixed overhead is charged at $\$ 2$ per completed unit.
There are no normal or abnormal losses.
At the end of April work in progress consisted of 700 Remodils which were $50 \%$ complete as to raw materials and $75 \%$ complete as to direct labour. All other units were transferred to finished goods.

## REQUIRED

(b) Calculate
(i) The number of Remodils transferred to finished goods.
(ii) The value of Remodils transferred to finished goods.
(iii) The value of work in progress.
(c) Prepare the ledger account for Process 2 for April.

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