Cambridge
International
AS \& A Level

## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE NUMBER


CANDIDATE NUMBER

## ACCOUNTING

9706/21
Paper 2 Structured Questions
October/November 2018
1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
No Additional Materials are required.

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use an HB pencil for rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.
All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.
International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.
Workings must be shown.
You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

1 Francesco is a sole trader who runs a small bicycle distribution business. He does not keep full accounting records.

## REQUIRED

(a) State two benefits to a sole trader of keeping full accounting records.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Explain the accounting treatment at the year-end in the income statement and statement of financial position of:

Prepayments $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Accruals $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3

## Additional information

Francesco provided the following information for the year ended 30 April 2017.

## \$

Opening inventory 16250
Total sales 82500
Total purchases 62750
Mark-up is $25 \%$.
The normal rate of inventory turnover is 5 times. However, it was discovered at the year-end that some inventory had been stolen. No insurance claim has yet been made for this loss.

## REQUIRED

(c) Prepare an extract from the income statement to show gross profit for the year ended 30 April 2017. Show clearly the value of inventory stolen.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Workings:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

The following information has also been provided.

1

| at 1 May | at 30 April |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 2017 |
| $\$$ | $\$$ |
| 6875 | 8250 |
| 5200 | 6350 |
| 625 | 775 |
| 350 | 425 |

2 Expenses paid from the bank account amounted to $\$ 9925$.
3 Rental income received by credit transfer amounted to $\$ 15700$.
4 Balance per bank statement at 30 April 2017 of $\$ 4150$ was overdrawn.
5 Unpresented cheques amounted to $\$ 850$.
6 Uncredited bankings amounted to $\$ 1975$.
7 There were no cash transactions. All sales and purchases were on a credit basis.

## REQUIRED

(d) Prepare the bank account for the year ended 30 April 2017. Clearly show the opening balance.

## Bank account

|  | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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## Workings:

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(e) Calculate the charge for total expenses which appeared in the income statement for the year ended 30 April 2017.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6

## Additional information

Francesco's brother, Marco, runs a similar business. He has calculated the following ratios for his own business:

|  | 30 April | 30 April |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2017 |
| Current ratio | $2.6: 1$ | $1.2: 1$ |
| Liquid (acid test) ratio | $1.4: 1$ | $0.8: 1$ |

## REQUIRED

(f) Discuss the liquidity position of Marco's business using only the current and liquid (acid test) ratios.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(g) Advise a potential new supplier whether or not to sell goods to Marco on a credit basis. Justify your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2 A business depreciates its non-current assets.

## REQUIRED

(a) Explain why a business should comply with the following concepts when accounting for non-current assets.

Prudence $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Accruals (matching) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

T Limited prepares accounts to 30 June.
The following balances are available at 30 June 2017:
\$
Plant and machinery at cost 174300
Provision for depreciation 48700

On 1 July 2017 the company disposed of a machine which had a net book value of $\$ 20000$. The machine had been purchased on 1 July 2015.

On 1 October 2017 a new machine was purchased for $\$ 68600$ paid by cheque.
The company depreciates plant and machinery at $20 \%$ using the reducing balance method calculated on a month-by-month basis. No depreciation is charged in the year of disposal.

## REQUIRED

(b) Prepare the provision for depreciation on plant and machinery account for the year ended 30 June 2018. Dates are required.

Provision for depreciation on plant and machinery

|  |  | $\$$ |  |  | \$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Workings:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

Rather than paying immediately, the company had the option to pay in full for the new machine 15 months from the date of purchase.

## REQUIRED

(c) Explain the impact on the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 of paying for the new machine 15 months from the date of purchase.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3 Aisha, Bilal and Cao have been in partnership for many years sharing profits and losses in the ratio 2:2:1.

Bilal decided to retire from the partnership at 31 January 2018.
Their statement of financial position at 31 January 2018 before any adjustments was as follows:
Aisha, Bilal and Cao
Statement of financial position at 31 January 2018
\$ \$
Assets
Non-current assets
Premises 85000

Motor vehicles 32000
Fixtures and fittings 7500
124500

Current assets
Inventory
16200
Trade and other receivables 4800
Total assets
21000
145500
Capital and liabilities
Capital accounts

| Aisha | 48000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bilal | 48000 |  |
| Cao | 24000 | 120000 |
| Current accounts |  |  |
| Aisha | 8400 |  |
| Bilal | (1200) |  |
| Cao | 6400 | 13600 |

Current liabilities
Trade and other payables 5600
Bank overdraft 6300
Total capital and liabilities

11900
145500

The following information is available.
1 The partners agreed that the value of goodwill at that date was $\$ 85000$.
2 It was also agreed that certain assets should be revalued to the following amounts.
\$
Premises 114000
Inventory 15000

3 As part of the final settlement, Bilal was entitled to retain one of the motor vehicles at its net book value of $\$ 11400$.

4 It was agreed that of the final settlement due to Bilal, $\$ 20000$ would be paid immediately by cheque and the balance would remain in the business as a loan.

## REQUIRED

(a) Prepare a statement to calculate the profit or loss on revaluation at 31 January 2018.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Prepare Bilal's capital account on his retirement from the partnership.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Identify three ways, other than using bank finance, in which a partnership could raise funds to purchase a non-current asset.

1
2
3
(d) State three items that may be included in the appropriation account before the division of residual profit.

1

2

3

4 DH Limited manufactures a single product. The following information is available for one unit of that product:

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Selling price | 20 |

Direct material 8
Direct labour 5
Variable overhead 3
Fixed overhead 2
Budgeted production is 200000 units per annum.
REQUIRED
(a) Calculate the annual break-even point in units.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Calculate the total budgeted annual contribution and total budgeted annual profit.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

The directors are considering reducing the selling price of the product by $10 \%$. The new selling price would be lower than that of competitors. The directors are confident that as a result of this, sales volume would increase by $50 \%$.

In order to produce the budgeted units, the company's labour force is currently working at $80 \%$ capacity. Workers will be paid an overtime premium of $25 \%$ for all production over $100 \%$ capacity.

The additional production would enable the company to qualify for $12.5 \%$ discount on all direct materials.

The revised production would result in the fixed overhead cost per unit reducing by $30 \%$ for all units produced.

16

## REQUIRED

(c) Calculate the total budgeted annual profit if the directors proceed with their plans.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(d) Calculate the revised break-even point in units if the directors proceed with their plans.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(e) Calculate the margin of safety in units and as a percentage if the directors proceed with their plans.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(f) Advise the directors whether or not they should proceed with their plans to reduce the selling price. Give reasons for your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

The company has used the same direct material supplier for many years, but the directors have now been informed that there will possibly be a shortfall of available material in the next six months. They have sourced an alternative material from a new supplier at the same price.

## REQUIRED

(g) State three issues the directors should consider before changing a supplier.

1
$\qquad$
2 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3 $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Additional information

The directors of DH Limited also use absorption costing.

## REQUIRED

(h) State the meaning of each of the following terms.
(i) Allocation
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) Apportionment
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(iii) Absorption
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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